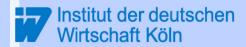


Ageing Workforce and Human Resource Management in German Companies

German-Japanese Conference "Human Resource Management with Ageing Workforces", Cologne, September 15th, 2010

Dr. Hans-Peter Klös, Head of Education and Labour Market Policy, Cologne Institute for Economic Research (IW)

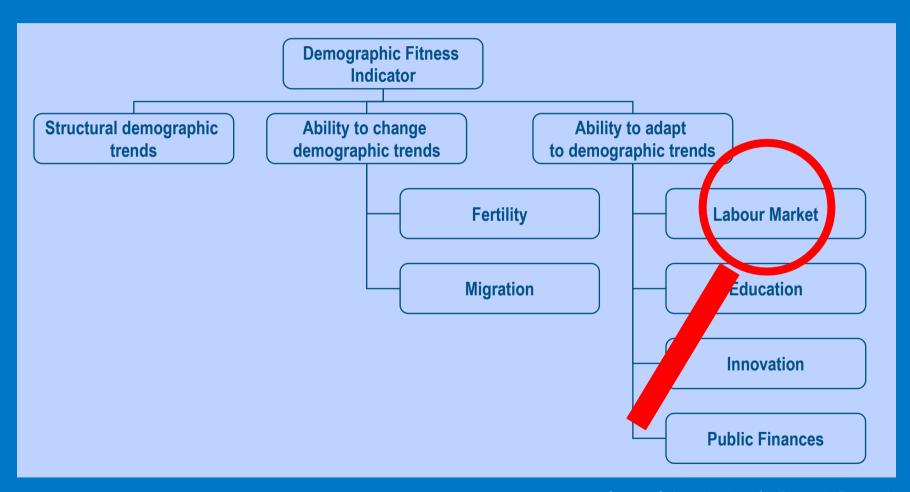


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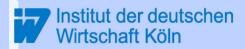
- Underlying Demographic Trends: The Moving Glacier
- Employment of Elderly Workers: A Rising Tide
- Human Resource Management: Trends and Good Practices



Demographic fitness: getting the questions right

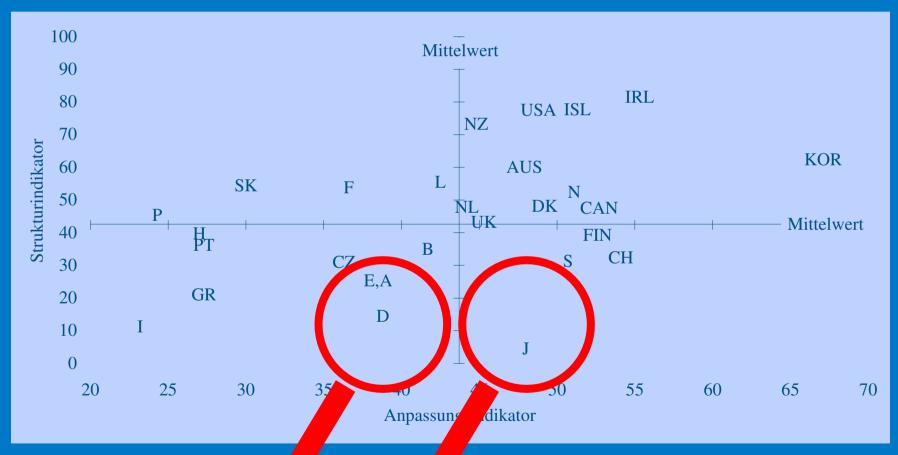


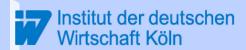
Source: Cologne Institute for Economic Research



Germany and Japan: late movers

Structural demographic trends and adaptability, scoring 0 (least) – 100 (best performance)



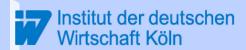


Coping with the demographic change (Towers Perrin survey 2007)



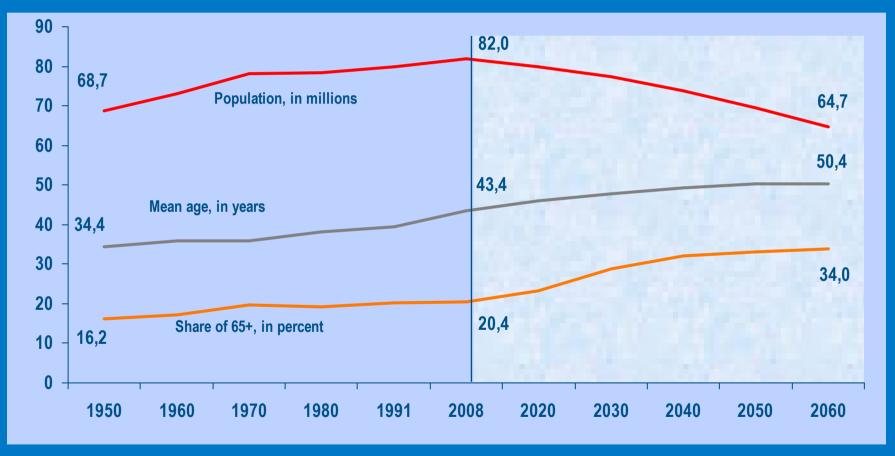
- Canada, the U.K. and the U.S. are generally wellpositioned because they have fewer demographic and labor market challenges and have more supportive policies in effect regarding the ageing population.
- In Germany and France, the turnaround is well under way, thanks to farreaching changes recently implemented and apparent political commitment to seeing these changes through.
- In Italy and Japan, by contrast, more focus is still required because these countries face the toughest demographic challenges of any of the G7 countries rapidly ageing populations, growing longevity and anemic birth rates.

Source: AARP (Ed.), 2007, Towers Perrin, Profit from Experience Survey:
Perspectives of Employers, Workers and Policymakers in G 7 Countries
on the New Demographic Realities. Washington.



Germany: rapidly shrinking and greying

Population, Median Age and Share of 65+

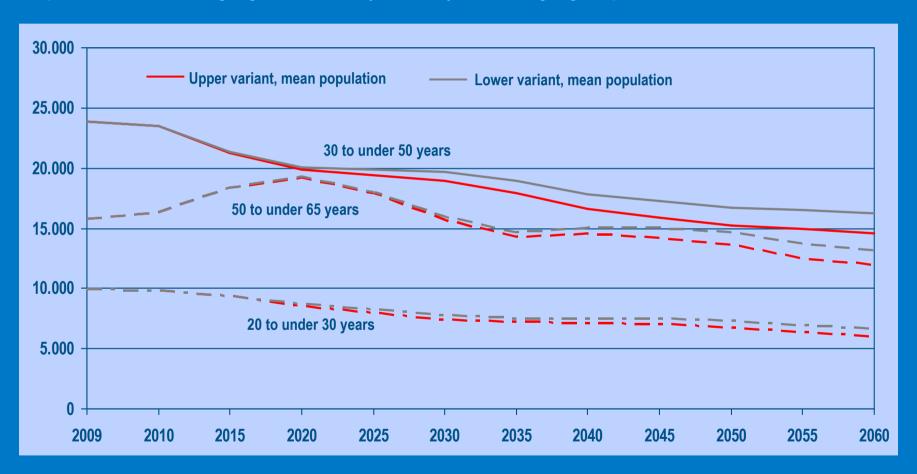


Source: Federal Statistical Office, Var. 1-W1, 12. coordinated population forecast; own calculations

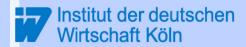


Labour force: declining substantially

Population of working age, 20 to 65 years, by broad age groups, in 1.000

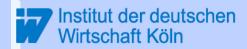


Source: Federal Statistical Office, Var. 1-W1, 12. coordinated population forecast; own calculations



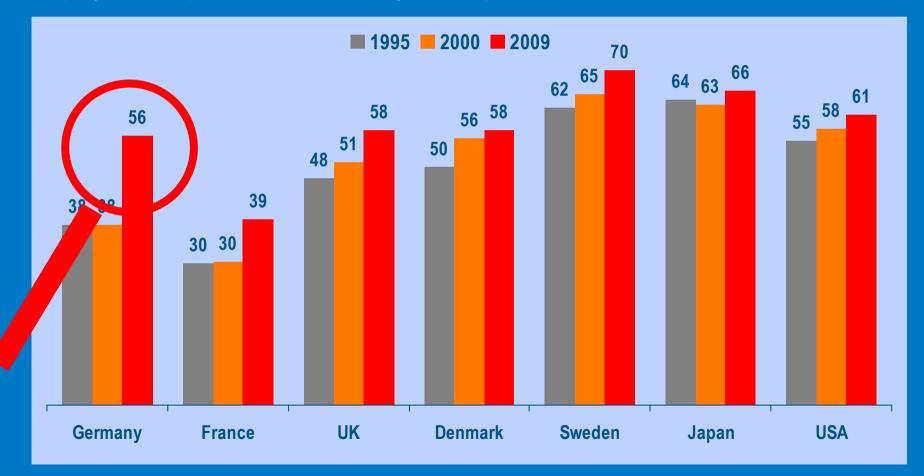
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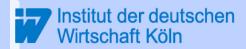


Elderly workers: Germany is catching up

Employment-Population-Ratio, 55-64 years, in percent

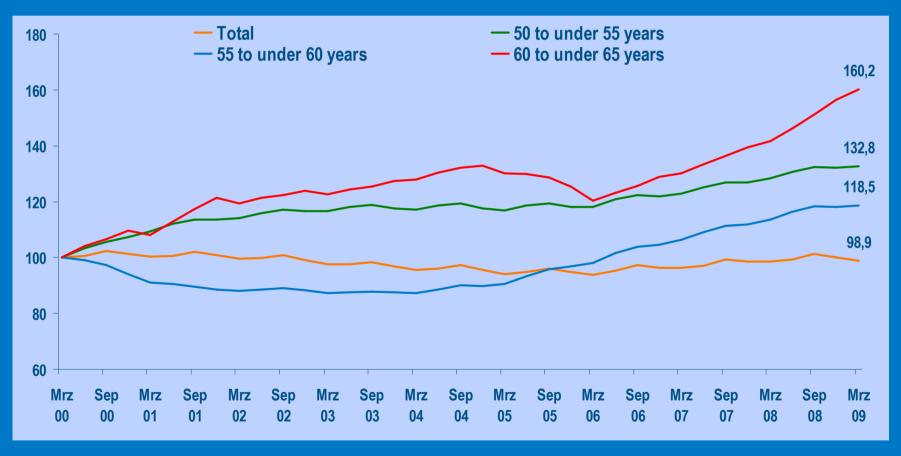


Source: EUROSTAT-structural indicators

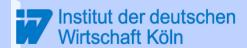


Employment of elderly: outperforming total employment

Socially secured employed persons by age, march 2000=100



Source: Federal Labour Agency

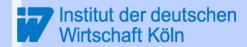


Age-specific activity rates: women on the move

by gender and age groups, in percent

	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	55–59	60–64	55–64
Men													
1996	77,4	71,2	65,3	54,6	47,0	38,1	31,4	26,9	16,4	13,3	63,7	26,3	48,0
2001	75,9	71,8	70,6	64,1	57,1	44,2	35,9	29,8	19,7	14,4	66,9	29,4	46,7
2006	76,8	75,5	72,4	69,5	64,6	52,6	48,0	41,5	30,6	22,5	72,1	37,9	56,1
2009	81,3	79,3	78,1	74,5	70,9	61,3	54,1	48,1	35,6	28,3	76,9	46,7	63,5
Women													
1996	52,9	47,0	43,1	35,4	29,0	15,9	12,0	8,9	7,3	5,9	41,8	10,4	28,1
2001	57,2	56,9	50,6	45,0	38,4	23,7	14,9	12,0	10,3	7,4	48,6	13,8	29,4
2006	65,2	59,2	57,4	51,2	47,9	35,6	28,1	23,8	15,6	12,0	56,6	21,9	40,3
2009	69,0	66,8	64,6	60,9	53,9	42,5	35,8	30,2	21,9	16,5	63,1	30,4	48,5

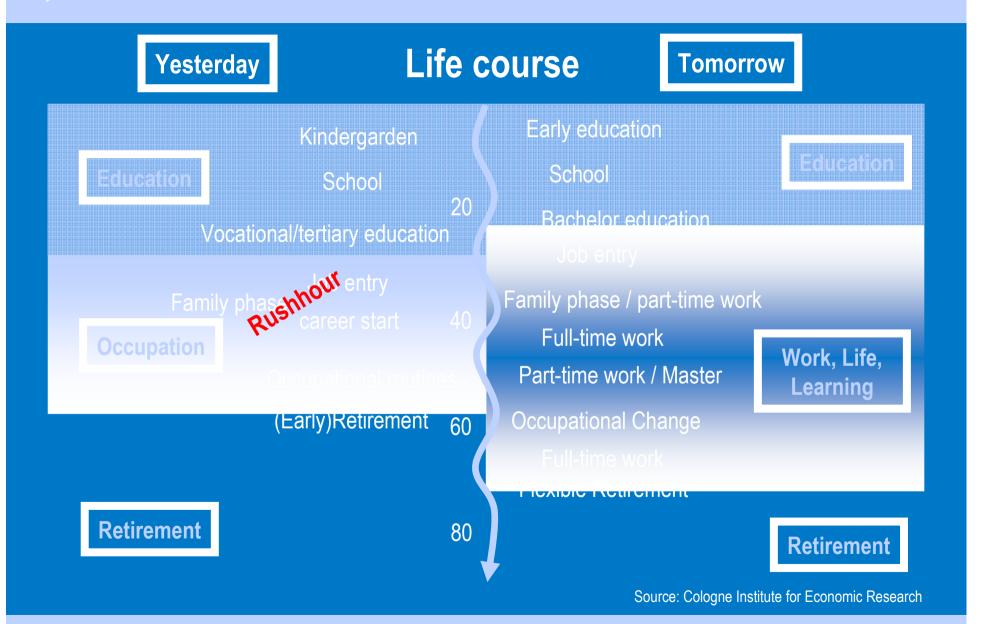
Source: Federal Statistical Office, Altersübergangsreport 2008-03; own calculations



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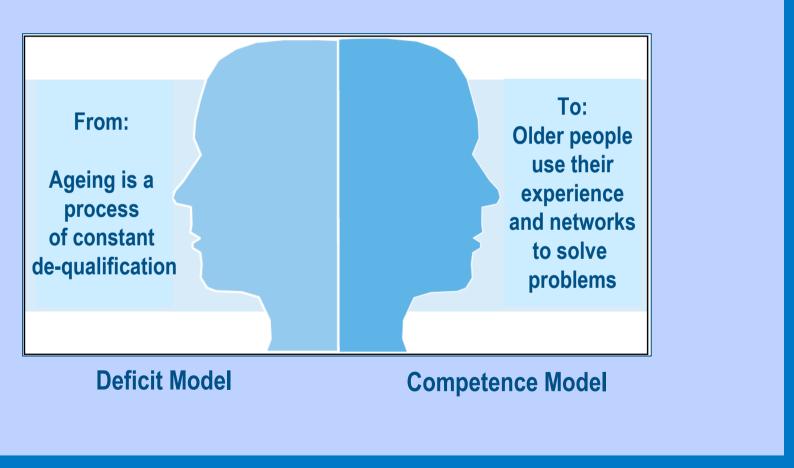
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Older Age: from deficit to competence



Source: Gabriele Maier, University of Stuttgart



"Triple-R" of HRM: Recruiting, Retention, Retirement

Recruiting		Retirement				
	Organisation of Work	HR-Deve	elopment	Health Management		
Employer Branding Recruiting Talent Marketing Intensified Vocational Training	Flexible Working Time Telework/ ROWE Performance Remuneration Knowledge Transfer	Job-Matching by work-flow- analysis Age-diversified Teams Job-Rotation Career Planning	LLL- Techniques Reconciliation Work/family Reconciliation Work/elder care Diversity Management	Work-place ergonomy Health prevention OSHA-Circles	Mentoring Exit Consultation Life-time accounts "Silver workers"	

Source: arbid; Cologne Institute for Economic Research



Levels of Age Management: three pillars

	PROBLEMS / POSSIBILITIES	MEANS / SOLUTIONS	RESULTS / AIMS
INDIVIDUAL	 functional capacity health competence work motivation work ability work exhaustion unemployment 	 - age-management - promotion of physical, mental and social resources - improving health - developing competence - coping with changes - participating 	 better functional capacities better health better competence better work ability less exhaustion lower unemployment risk better quality of life
ENTERPRISE	- productivity - competitiveness - sickness absence - tolerance for change - work organization - work environment - recruitment	- age-management - individual solutions - co-operation between age groups - age-ergonomics - work-rest schedules - flexible working times - part-time work - tailored competence-training	 better total productivity better competitiveness less sick leaves better management competent manpower better image lower work disability costs
SOCIETY	 attitudes toward work and retirement age-discrimination early retirement work disability costs retirement costs health care costs dependency ratios 	- age-management - changing attitudes - preventing age-discrimination - improving age-conscious work policy - changing age-conscious exit policy	 less age-discrimination later retirement lower unemployment costs lower health care costs better national economy higher wellfare

Source: Ilmarinen



Age stereotypes: removing, but still there

weighted answers, percent, 2008

Older workers are less productive, because they are rarely occupied.

Older workers are less productive, because they are less interested.

Older workers are less productive, because they are underutilizing their experience.

LLL for older workers does not pay off for themselves.

Older workers do not really want to push hard any longer.

LLL for older workers does not pay off for the company.

Older workers are less productive, because they are to slow.

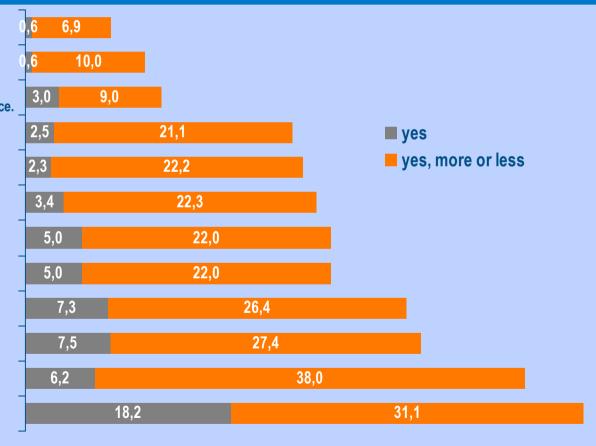
Older workers are less innovative, because they do not refresh their knowledge.

Older workers are less innovative, because we do not refresh their knowledge

Older workers are mentally on leave, because they are not promoted any more.

Older workers are longer sick, if they are sick.

Older workers are less sick than younger workers.

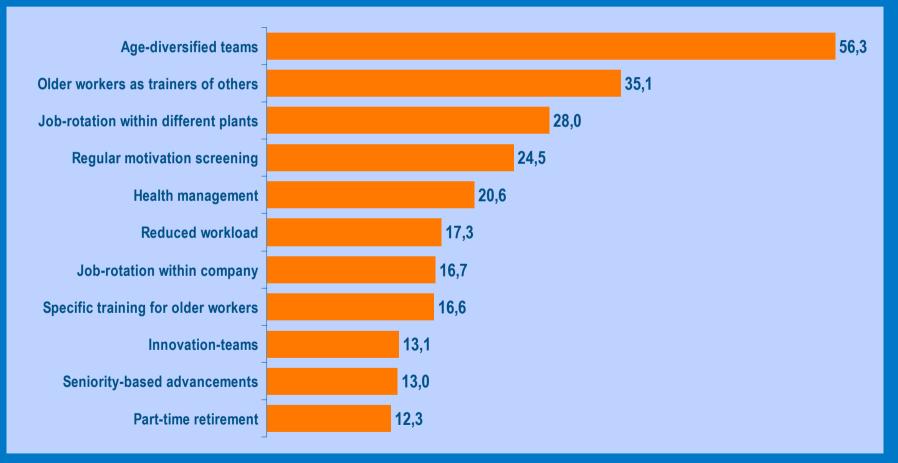


N = 1.328 – 1.333 Source: IW-Future Panel 2008



Age-related measures: a well equipped tool-box

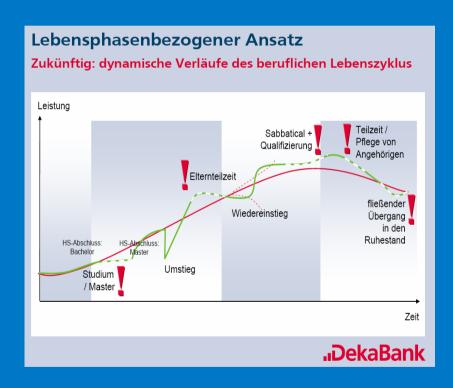
Incidence by measure in companies with older workers, in percent,2008



Source: IW-Future Panel 2008



Good Practice I: DekaBank-concept - life cycle oriented HR policies



- The DekaBank tries to support its staff in every phase of life: starting from chosing an education over several career steps, time-out phases for child care or elder care until the person will leave the bank.
- Thus, both sides benefit from the individualization: the bank uses the triple "R" management in order to become an attractive employer which has a high productivity and a low staff turnover. The people can show their full potential; they like their work and are well motivated.
- Award: The DekaBank received the well known HR award "Deutscher Personalwirtschaftspreis" for this concept of the "life cycle oriented HR policies" in 2007.



Good Practice II: ABB-concept "Generations – learning from one another, growing together"



- ABB is a global leader in power and automation technologies
- The compnay developed an HR concept tackling the effects of the demographic change
- This concept contains:
 - Mix of the working generations: age mixed working teams, mentoring couples
 - Competence training according to the individual life phases
 - Knowledge transfer from generation to generation
 - Sliding out of the carreer life using part-time options and telework
 - Occupational health policies: programme "fit for life"
 - Diverse age recruitment